# **GEYSER Sky R0**

20÷30 kW





## **General**

Range of reversible heat pumps featuring variable speed scroll compressors with extended operating limits

#### **Configurations**

Hi HP: Reversible heat pump version, with inverter compressor

/SLN: super low-noise unit

# **Strengths**

- ➤ Refrigerant R290 GWP=3. The refrigerant is a pure natural fluid.
- Reduced refrigerant charge
- Extended operating limits: the ideal solution to replace boilers
- Domestic hot water managed via a 3-way valve, either integrated or external
- Production of hot water up to 78°C
- Operation down to ambient -20°C with outlet water at +60°C
- ▶ 4.3" touch screen interface
- ▶ Eurovent Certification



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# GEYSER Sky PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Range of reversible heat pumps featuring variable speed scroll compressors optimised for use with natural propane refrigerant

#### REFRIGERANT

The models from the Geyser Sky series are available with refrigerant R290.

The use of R290 refrigerant is indicated by acronym "R0", which indicates a GWP level close to 0.

Refrigerant R290 GWP(Global Warming Potential)=3\* ODP (Ozone Depletion Potential) 0

The refrigerant is a pure natural fluid.

R290 is classified as group 1 fluid according to PED.

It is also classified as A3 according to ASHRAE standard 34:

- · non-toxic;
- Highly flammable.

The excellent GWP value may be an advantage in projects where:

- min. targets are adopted for the containment of the environmental footprint;
- it is possible to receive incentives or other benefits that are applicable in some countries or are connected to specific plant design criteria.

(\*) GWP (AR5), pursuant to IPCC V, evaluated over a span of 100 years.

# **BODY**

The structure of the unit is made of galvanized sheet-iron coated with polyester powder in RAL 5017/7035 at 180°C, which makes it highly resistant to weather conditions.

The structure is a load-bearing frame, with removable panelling lined with sound absorbing expanded polyurethane matting.

All screws and bolts are stainless steel.

All bodies have a condensation collection tank with drain.

# **COMPRESSORS**

Hermetic scroll compressor, complete with thermal overload protection included in the electric motor windings, crankcase heater and rubber vibration damping supports. The compressor is specifically designed for operation in heat pump mode. Additionally, the optimized compression ratio at high operating pressures allows for higher efficiency if compared with conventional scroll compressors.

The compressor is optimised for use with propane.

The compressor is enclosed in a dedicated technical compartment, access to which is gained by removing the installed panelling.

The compressor is coupled with an inverter to perform speed modulation.

The modulating compressor is a hermetic scroll compressor with a permanent magnet brushless motor.

The speed of the modulating compressor is varied, depending on the total heat load, roughly between 30 and 105 rps. 20rps and up to 120rps

The speed of rotation of the compressor is variable in the range  $1200 \div 7200$  rpm.

The modulating compressors are driven by inverters. This also has the following functions:

- management of acceleration and deceleration ramps
- management of the operating envelope of the modulating compressor
- management of the alarms and safety devices of the modulating compressor

The use of a modulating compressor allows the total inrush current to be reduced because it is always started with an acceleration ramp.

#### SOURCE-SIDE HEAT EXCHANGER

It consists of a coil with copper tubes and aluminium fins having a large exchange surface with fin pitch sized to maximize heat exchange and to reduce the noise impact.

The coils have an increased fin pitch to reduce frost formation and to facilitate the outflow of condensed water during defrosting.

The finned coil is installed as standard including suitable hydrophilic treatments for easier condensed water drainage from the coil.

Options are available for installations in environments with especially aggressive atmospheres, in areas along the coast or in highly industrialized zones. Ref. section: "Description of options".

For installations within a kilometre of the coast, the use of Cu/Al coils with anti-corrosion treatment is strongly recommended.

At the base of the coils there is a collection tray as standard which facilitates the drain of condensate during the defrost.

The unit is fitted as standard with a heating cable glued to the bottom of the condensate tray to prevent formation of ice.

RAM accessory provide an oversizes electrical heaters system.

Heaters are managed with a thermostat , activated depending on outside air temperature.

Recommended accessory for installations in regions with temperatures below -5°C or in the case of installations particularly exposed to cold winds.

#### **USER-SIDE HEAT EXCHANGER**

The exchanger is a braze-welded stainless steel plate heat exchanger, insulated with a shroud of closed-cell insulating material.

The exchanger is also equipped with thermostat-controlled anti-freeze heater to protect it from ice formation when the unit is not running.

The operation of the unit is optimized in heating mode, where the water and refrigerant fluids exchange in countercurrent inside the plate heat exchanger.

#### **FANS**

The fans are axial fans, directly coupled to a 6-pole electric motor, with integrated thermal overload protection (Klixon®) and IP 54 protection rating.

The fan includes the shroud, designed to optimize its efficiency and reduce noise emission to a minimum, and the safety guard.

The control manages the speed of the fans through a phase cutting speed adjuster, in order to optimize the operating conditions and efficiency of the unit.

The fan speed regulator is supplied standardly.

This control also has the effect of reducing the noise level of the unit: in fact, the typical conditions under which the control will be modulating the speed of the fans are those of the night, spring and autumn.

For units equipped with EC fans (option), the same function is carried out using the electronically commutated motor of the fans.

#### REFRIGERANT CIRCUIT

Each refrigerant circuit comprises:

- charging valve
- liquid sight glass
- non-return valve
- 4-way reversing valve
- dehydrating filter
- · liquid receiver
- electronically-controlled thermostatic expansion valve
- pressure transducer
- high pressure switch with manual reset
- suction liquid separator
- safety valves

The copper pipes are sized with increased thicknesses in order to ensure greater reliability and durability over time. The pipes of the circuit and the exchanger are insulated with extruded closed-cell expanded elastomer.

The refrigeration circuit is enclosed in a compartment that contains an ATEX certified leak sensor and an ATEX certified extraction fan.

The hydronic module, if present, is also enclosed in the compartment that contains the ATEX certified leak sensor and the ATEX certified extraction fan.

#### ELECTRICAL CONTROL PANEL

The electrical control panel is made in a painted galvanized sheet-iron box with forced ventilation and IP54 protection rating.

The electrical panel is made following the EN60204-1 standard.

The electrical panel is separated from the compressor compartment.

The electrical control panel comprises:

- general disconnect switch three-phase line
- · a compressor contactor;
- fan contactors
- fuses to protect the compressors, fans and auxiliary circuits
- · a fan speed regulator for condensate control;
- thermal magnetic circuit breakers for pumps (if present)
- · phase monitor
- general alarm potential free contacts.
- single potential free operating contacts for compressors, fans and pumps (when present)
- · external air temperature probe

The electronic controller is designed for management of the following functions:

- water temperature regulation, with outgoing water control;
- freeze protection;
- compressor time setting;
- alarm signals;
- alarm resetting;
- -summer/winter selection by digital input
- digital input for external ON-OFF switching.

The display shows the following parameters:

- output water temperature;
- temperature and differential setpoints;
- alarms description.

All the electrical cables inside the panel are numbered and the terminal board dedicated to the customer's connections is coloured orange so that it can be quickly identified in the panel.

The unit power supply is  $400V/3\sim+N/50Hz$  for all models.

The graphic terminal is a 4.3" touch screen panel.

The touch screen panel is also designed for easier man-machine interaction as it makes screen browsing much more user-friendly.



#### **CONTROL BLUETHINK**

The unit is supplied as standard with an advanced controller.

The control allows the following functions:

- water temperature regulation, with outgoing water control;
- freeze protection
- recording of the log of all machine inputs, outputs and states
- automatic rotation of compressor starting sequence
- recording of the alarm log
- RS485 serial port with Modbus protocol
- Ethernet serial port with Modbus protocol and integrated web server preloaded web page
- · digital input for general ON/OFF
- digital input for Summer/Winter selection

For further details on available functions and on displayed information, refer to the specific documentation of the controller.

By default, the serial connections present as standard are enabled only for reading from BMS. Enabling of writing from BMS is to be requested when ordering.

#### Main functions of the webserver

As standard, the Bluethink controller integrates a webserver with a preloaded web page that is accessed via password.

The web page allows the following functions to be carried out (some of these are available only for users with advanced level rights):

- display of the main functions of the unit such as unit serial n°, size, refrigerant
- display of the general status of the machine: water inlet and outlet temperatures, external air temperature, mode (chiller or heat pump), evaporating and condensing pressures, suction and discharge temperatures
- display of the status of compressors, pumps, expansion valves
- display in real time of the graphs of the main quantities
- display of the graphs of logged quantities
- display of alarm log
- management of users on several levels
- remote ON/OFF
- remote set point change
- remote time band change
- remote summer winter mode selection

#### **Human-Machine Interface**

The control has a graphic display that allows the following information to be displayed:

- water inlet and outlet temperature
- set temperature and differential set points
- description of alarms
- hour meter of operation and number of start-ups of the unit, the compressors and the pumps (if present)
- high and low pressure values, and relevant condensing and evaporating temperatures
- external air temperature
- · superheating at compressor suction.

### **Management of defrost cycles**

For defrost management, the control of the unit uses a sliding intervention threshold, depending on the pressures inside the unit and the external air temperature. By putting together all this information, the control can identify the presence of ice on the coil and activates the defrosting sequence only when necessary, so as to maximize the energy efficiency of the unit.

Sliding management of the defrost threshold ensures that, as the absolute humidity of outdoor air decreases, the frequency of the defrost cycles gradually decreases because they are carried out only when the ice formed on the coil actually penalizes performance.

The defrost cycle is fully automatic: during the initial stage, a defrost is carried out by cycle reversal with the fans stopped. As soon as the frost on the coil has molten to a suitable level, the unit resumes operation in heat pump mode.

# Management of an additional external heat source

The controller is designed to control an external heat source which can be used in integrative mode or as a backup system, depending on the hydraulic connections. The diagram below, for instance, shows a boiler used as a backup system to the heat pump, when necessary.

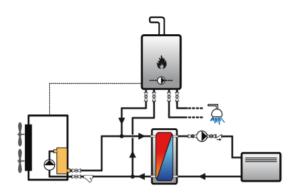
Activation of the auxiliary source takes place when the temperature of the outside air falls below a minimum temperature threshold that can be set in the controller and when the heat pump alone is insufficient to meet the required load. Activation takes place by closing a potential free contact.

It is also possible to set the unit so that the controller switches off the compressors when the unit is operating in heat pump mode and the outside air temperature falls below a minimum set point: the controller will stop the compressors before the unit goes into low pressure alarm, which would require a manual restart of the unit.

This function is particularly useful when the heat pump is installed in areas where the outside air temperature will certainly fall below the minimum temperature allowed for correct operation (in accordance with the predefined set point). When the temperature of the outside air exceeds again the minimum threshold for correct operation, the unit will resume correct operation in heat pump mode, without requiring any action.

If the unit is supplied with an on-board pump, the pump will continue to operate and to circulate the water, thus preventing the formation of ice and at the same time providing for correct reading of the water temperature and correct reading by the freeze safety probes.

The stopping temperature must be set up based on the temperature of the highest set point and in line with the operating limit of the unit. The stopping temperature can be different from the predefined temperature, provided that it is in any case in line with the temperature limits of the machine. If the unit must be also used for the production of domestic hot water, the stopping temperature must be set up according to the highest water set point and the allowed operating limits.



### **OPTIONS**

# /SLN: super low noise unit

The standard unit requires all compressors to be enclosed within a fully acoustically insulated compartment with sound-absorbing material with interposed sound-proofing material.

The SLN version units use fans with speed regulators with reduced air flow in chiller operation. The speed reduction of the fans is such that, under nominal operating conditions, the air flow rate and noise level are lower than those of the basic version of the unit.

In any case, the use of the speed adjuster to reduce the air flow rate allows rotation of the fans at maximum speed when external air temperature conditions are particularly critical and therefore guarantees the same operating limits as the high efficiency version.

In heating mode, the fans always run at 100% speed.

#### **HYDRAULIC MODULES**

All units can be fitted with hydraulic module in various configurations:

- /1P: hydraulic module with one pump
- /1PS: hydraulic module with one pump and buffer tank

Hydraulic modules with one pump have:

- one pump
- an expansion vessel

Hydraulic modules with tank also have:

- a gate valve at the inlet of the pump or the suction manifold
- · a tank with drain valve and air valve

# **INSPECTIONS AND SAFETY**

All the units are fitted with the following control and safety components:

- user-side water temperature probe
- antifreeze probe on the user side heat exchanger
- high pressure switch with manual reset
- low pressure safety device with automatic reset, for a limited number of occurrences, managed by the controller
- compressor overtemperature protection
- fan overtemperature protection
- · differential flow switch
- ATEX certified leakage sensor
- · ATEX certified extraction fan

In the event that the leak detector identifies a gas leak, the following safety procedures are implemented:

- immediate shutdown of the unit
- interruption of the three-phase main power supply
- · activation of the extraction fan
- activation of the ventilation fans of the electrical panel

#### **TESTING**

All the units are factory-tested and supplied complete with oil and refrigerant.

# **PACKAGING**

The unit is made and shipped on a wooden pallet that allows the unit to be handled using a forklift truck.

The unit is wrapped in a protective transparent polyethylene stretch film.

# **DESCRIPTION OF ACCESSORIES**

# Refrigerant circuit accessories

#### BK Brine Kit

This accessory is compulsory if a water temperature set point lower than  $+5^{\circ}$ C is used (if the unit is provided with double set point or variable set point, the lower set point is considered).

The accessory consists of increased insulation and suitable sizing and calibration of some components.

The inlet and outlet temperatures of the user-side exchanger must be given on ordering to allow correct setting of the alarm parameters and verification of the sizing of the expansion valve.

The cooling set point can then be changed by the customer in an interval that, compared to the set point given on ordering, ranges from -1K up to the maximum temperature allowed by the above-stated operating limits.

The unit will be optimized to work at the set point temperature given on ordering. For different set points, the cooling capacity provided and the level of efficiency of the machine could decrease and move away from these conditions.

#### VS Liquid line solenoid valve

This accessory prevents refrigerant migration that could damage the compressor on starting.

# Fan accessories

#### **VEC** EC fans

With this accessory, EC fans, with electronically commutated brushless motor, are used for the ventilating section. These guarantee very high efficiency levels for all working conditions and allow a 15% saving on the power absorbed by each fan working at full capacity.

Through a 0-10V analogue signal sent to each fan, the microprocessor also carries out condensation control by continuous adjustment of the air flow rate as the external air temperature changes, with a further reduction in electrical absorption and noise emission.

For further details, see the dedicated chapter: "Aeraulic head losses and options available for the fan section".

# Hydraulic circuit accessories

#### **RA** Antifreeze heater

These are electric heaters inserted on the user-side heat exchanger, on the pumps and in the tank (depending on the configuration of the machine) to prevent damage to the hydraulic components due to ice formation during periods when the machine is stopped.

Based on normal operating conditions and the percentage of glycol in the system, an appropriate "antifreeze alarm" temperature is set in the control. When a temperature that is 1K higher than the antifreeze alarm threshold is detected at the outlet from the exchanger, the pump (if present) and the antifreeze heaters are switched on. If the temperature of the outgoing water reaches the antifreeze alarm threshold, the compressors are stopped, keeping the heaters and the pumps active, and the general alarm contact of the machine is activated.

#### **RINT** Additional heaters (on user side)

The accessory requires an additional immersed heater to be installed directly in the tank of the hydraulic module.

The additional heater is activated only when:

- the unit is in heat pump mode
- the external air temperature is below a settable threshold (service parameter)
- the tank inlet water temperature is below a settable threshold (service parameter)

The additional heaters can have a different capacities depending on the machine model, and they can be managed with stepped control (up to 4 steps).

#### FW Water filter

To protect the elements of the hydraulic circuit (in particular, the exchangers), there are Y filters that can stop and settle the particles that are normally present in the water flow and would otherwise settle in the more delicate parts of the hydraulic circuit and damage its heat exchange capacity.

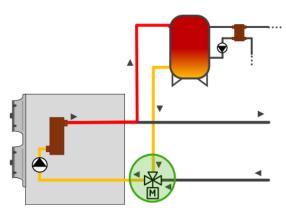
Installation of the water filter is mandatory even when it is not supplied as an accessory.

# V3E External 3-way valve for domestic hot water management

This is a three-way on-off valve, complete with servo control. The unit controller can manage two separate hydraulic circuits through this valve: one for comfort and one for domestic hot water production.

The valve and the servo control are for indoor installation and they require the ambient temperature not to drop below -10°C.

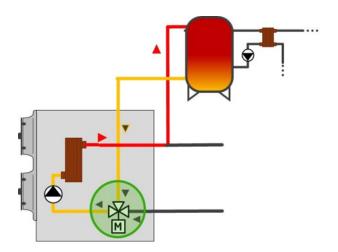
Accessory supplied loose. Installation by the customer.



# V3I Integrated 3-way valve for domestic hot water management

This is a three-way on-off valve, complete with servo control. The unit controller can manage two separate hydraulic circuits through this valve: one for comfort and one for domestic hot water production.

The valve and servo control are installed in the unit.



#### Flowzer options

Our range of Flowzer options offers flexible and scalable solutions to set the speed of pumps in the system with a view to optimising and reducing energy consumption. Different types of control modes are offered based on the system and application type:

- FLOWZER VP Inverter for manual pump adjustment
- FLOWZER VD control of available pump discharge head for variable flow systems without monitoring the flow rate limits;
- FLOWZER VDE flow rate control to keep the flow rate constant as the external working conditions of the system change;
- FLOWZER VDT flow rate control with constant TD (difference between input and output temperature in the heat exchanger on the user side) in variable flow pumps, without monitoring the flow rate limits;
- FLOWZER VFPP automatic management of variable flow rate in systems with one single primary circuit and a bypass valve;
- FLOWZER VPS automatic management of variable flow rate, including balancing of flow rates between primary and secondary circuits;
- flowzer vps with TD-based control automatic management of variable flow rate, including control with constant TD (difference between input and output temperature in the heat exchanger on the user side) in systems featuring both the primary and secondary circuits.

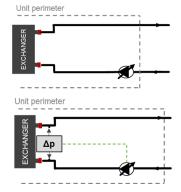
The tables below summarise the main system diagrams and show the application type and advantages/disadvantages offered by each solution. Each individual option is illustrated and explained individually in the next pages.

The hydraulic diagrams in this document are for exemplification purposes only and their main function is to help the reader understand the type of machines and devices the controller can manage. For a more technical evaluation of the system, please refer to the dedicated manual.

Constant flow system							
	Application	Advantages	Disadvantages				
Flowzer VP	Ideal for constant flow systems The option is given to set two different speeds: one for heating and one for cooling mode or one for chiller and one for FC mode. This solution replaces the 2-way regulating valve.	<ul> <li>Increased efficiency: increased "REAL" EER of the unit installed, considering the power consumption of the pumps in real installation conditions and in real operating conditions.</li> <li>Reduced installation times and costs: quick setup of water flow using the display.</li> </ul>	This solution doesn't allow to save energy in the pump under part load conditions, due to the possibility to only set two frequency values in the inverter.				
Flowzer VDE	Ideal for constant flow systems to keep the water flow to the heat exchanger constant under all conditions	<ul> <li>Plug&amp;Play: provides for easy and flexible implemen- tation as it is not supplied with options to be fitted therefore allows for quick commissioning.</li> </ul>	This solution is less efficient as losses in the heat exchanger are kept constant under all conditions (including in cases when they may be reduced).				

FLOWZER VP

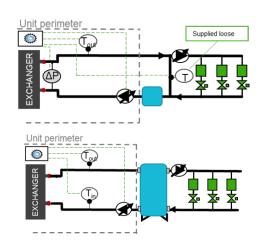
FLOWZER VDE



Variable flow system featuring primary and secondary circuits							
	Application	Advantages	Disadvantages				
Flowzer VPS	Ideal for all systems featu- ring a primary and a se- condary circuit divided by a hydraulic bypass branch	- Energy saving: the energy consumption during pumping operations can be cut down to 55% if compared with a traditional system - Enhanced comfort: correct balancing between primary and secondary loop	Only recommended in systems featuring a primary and a secondary circuit divided by a bypass pipe; not flexible for other applications				
Flowzer VDT	Ideal for systems featuring similar users or users with similar operating conditions It is recommended in structured systems in which the client has third-party systems to control the min. and max. flow rate.	- Plug&Play: provides for easy and flexible implementation as it is not supplied with options to be fitted and for quick commissioning.	Risk of over- or underflow for some of the users in the secondary circuit if they have different operating conditions (same tempera- ture difference) A control is required by third-party equi- pment to ensure compliance with the unit flow limits.				
FLOWZER VPS with TD-based control	Ideal for systems featuring similar users or users with similar operating conditions Ideal for systems featuring a primary and a secondary circuits physically divided from the heat exchanger or a tank with multiple connections.	- Plug&Play: provides for easy and flexible implemen- tation as it is not supplied with options to be fitted and for quick commissioning.	Risk of over- or underflow for some of the users in the secondary circuit if their temperature difference is not the same due to the exi- sting operating conditions				

FLOWZER VPS

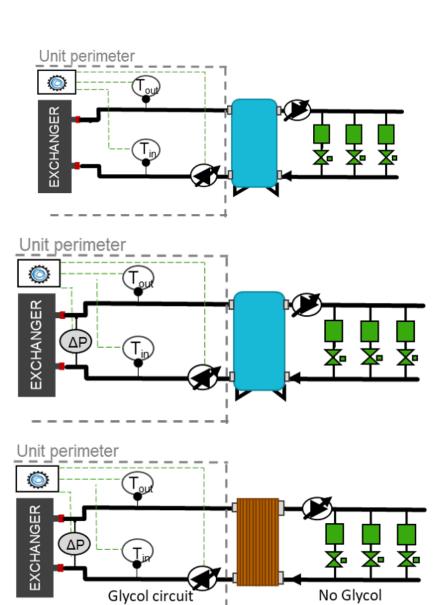
FLOWZER VDT



# FLOWZER VDT

FLOWZER VPS with DT-based control

FLOWZER VPS with DT-based control

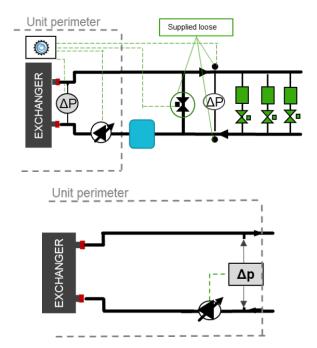


circuit

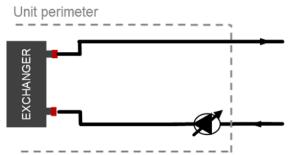
Variable flow system featuring primary circuit only							
	Application	Advantages	Disadvantages				
Flowzer VFPP	Ideal for new systems in- tended to reduce installation costs	- Energy saving: the energy consumption during pumping operations can be cut down to 50% if compared with a traditional system Lower CAPEX thanks to reduced installation costs and smaller number of components (one pump less)	Requires some testing to correctly set the pressure available in the system and to correctly position the two transducers, based on the system layout and devices.				
Flowzer VD	Ideal for systems fitted with changing users according to the season. Ideal for industrial processes, such as injection moulding, in order for each terminal to operate with the correct discharge head. It is recommended in structured systems in which the client has third-party systems to control the min. and max. flow rate.	- Plug&Play: provides for easy and flexible implemen- tation as it is not supplied with options to be fitted therefore allows for quick commissioning.	A control is required by third-party equipment to ensure compliance with the unit flow limits.				

Flowzer VFPP

Flowzer VD



### FVP FLOWZER VP - Inverter for manual pump adjustment

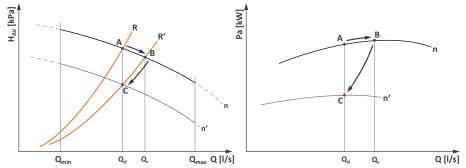


The accessory consists of inserting an inverter in the machine to manually adjust the speed of the pump (or pumps) in order to calibrate the pump flow rate on the head losses of the system.

This accessory is to be combined with one of the integrated hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit. Units equipped with integrated hydraulic module allow a certain level of available discharge head (point A) to be obtained under nominal flow rate conditions Qd.

But the actual head loss level of the system (e.g. characteristic curve R') normally causes the pump to find a different equilibrium point (point B), with a flow rate Qr higher than Qd.

In this condition, in addition to having a different flow from the nominal one (therefore also a different temperature jump), there is also a greater absorption of electric power from the pump itself.

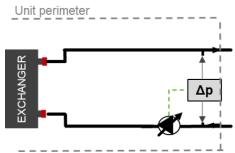


The use of the Flowzer allows the pump speed to be set manually (e.g. at speed n' instead of n) to obtain the design water flow rate and thermal gradient (point C). Once the adjustment procedure has been carried out, the pump will always work at a fixed flow rate.

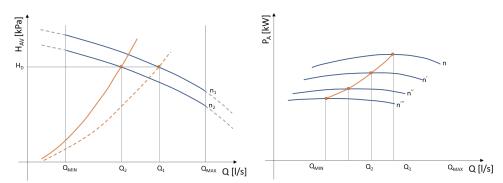
The adoption of the VP Flowzer allows to considerably reduce the electrical power consumption of the pump with a consequent energy saving. By way of example, a reduction in the flow rate of 10% leads to a reduction in power consumption of around 27%.

For the freecooling units the Flowzer VP is able to manage two different speeds of the pump automatically compensating the pressure drops of the water coil.

# FVD FLOWZER VD - control of available pump discharge head for variable flow systems without monitoring the flow rate limits;



Flowzer VD requires two pressure transducers to be installed in the machine. Through these transducers, the inverter can gauge the actual pressure at the ends of the system and it can automatically adapt the pump speed to obtain a set available discharge head value. Flowzer VD must be combined with Flowzer VP. This accessory therefore allows a constant pressure system to be achieved.

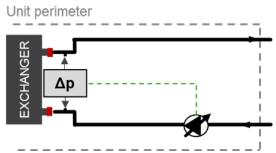


With the Flowzer VD, the customer can set, directly on the display, the available discharge head value (Hd) that the unit must maintain. As can be seen from the graph as the user request decreases, the resistant curve of the plant moves to the left, consequently the inverter reduces the speed of the pump in order to maintain the useful head necessary for the unit. With this system a significant reduction in electrical power is achieved. The customer will have to check that, in minimum flow rate conditions (that is, with the maximum number of user points closed), this is always higher than or equal to the minimum flow rate allowed by the unit.

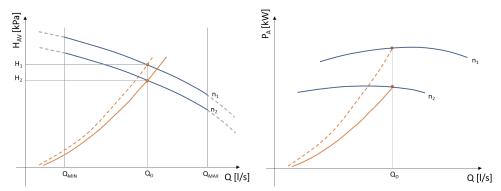
This accessory is useful when the total head losses of the circuit are slightly variable or when they change depending on the seasons (for example, some user points are active only during summer operation and not during winter operation).

The use of this accessory also allows the pump speed to be adapted to possible fouling of the filter on the hydraulic circuit.

# FVDE FLOWZER VDE - flow rate control to keep the flow rate constant as the external working conditions of the system change;

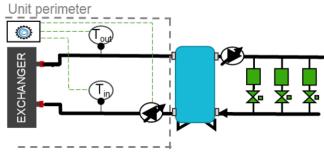


Flowzer VDE requires a differential pressure transducer to be installed in the machine. Through this transducer, the inverter can gauge the actual pressure at the ends of the heat exchanger installed in the machine and it can automatically adapt the pump speed for a constant flow value under all conditions. Flowzer VDE must be combined with Flowzer VP.



Flowzer VDE is used to automatically adjust the pump speed. As the graph shows, the inverter trips and increases the pump speed if a different condition occurs which would cause an undesired drop in the flow rate (e.g. operation of an external dry cooler). This is a more accurate solution than the VP option alone as it always provides for the water flow (Qd) required by the design conditions.

# FVDT FLOWZER VDT - flow rate control with constant TD (difference between input and output temperature in the heat exchanger on the user side) in variable flow pumps, without monitoring the flow rate limits;



Flowzer VDT uses the temperature sensors installed at the inlet and outlet of the heat exchanger to automatically adjust the pump speed, thus keeping the T delta difference setpoint constant.

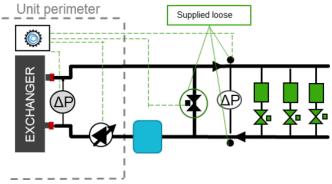
The option is not compatible with the Multilogic version. Please refer to the HYZER solutions for the compatibility between variable flow systems and multi-machine systems.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller and just one heat exchanger on the user side.

With the Flowzer VDT, the customer can set, directly on the display, the available delta T value that the unit must maintain. The customer will have to check that, in minimum flow rate conditions (that is, with the maximum number of user points closed), this is always higher than or equal to the minimum flow rate allowed by the unit.

This option is specifically designed for systems in which the system users have similar operating conditions (same temperature difference).

# FVF FLOWZER VFPP - automatic management of variable flow rate in systems with one single primary circuit and a bypass valve;



Bluethink solution for a variable flow rate system, consisting solely of a user-side primary circuit. Flowzer VFPP includes:

- a pressure transducer installed at the ends of the user-side exchanger ( $\Delta pe$ )
- a dedicated control system, installed at the factory in the electrical control panel of the unit (Sc)
- a modulating bypass valve with servo-motor supplied separately with it (Vbp), supplied loose (installation by the customer)
- two system pressure transducers (Δpp) supplied separately (installation by the customer)

It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit. The accessory is not compatible with Multilogic. Please contact our sales department for further details.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller, just one heat exchanger on the user side and a minimum capacity step of 25% or less.

The option offers a complete default package to quarantee simple selection, purchasing and commissioning.

Flowzer VFPP has the advantage of:

- implementing an innovative design, which is alternative to the classic system based on fixed flow-rate primary circuit plus secondary circuit
- · being ideal for new or entirely redesigned systems, especially for comfort applications
- having a variable flow system, with maximum energy saving
- · simplifying the layout of the user circuit
- limiting the capex of the system
- performing a reliable check

The Flowzer VFPP system controller uses an advanced algorithm that enables prevention of unnecessary waste of energy and hunting by the inverter and the bypass valve.

The capex of the system is also reduced thanks to:

- single inverter + pumping module, integrated in the unit
- small internal footprint, due to the simplified layout

The operating principle can be summarized as follows:

- Flowzer VFPP carries out constant control of the discharge head
- the controller modulates the pump speed according to the signal detected by the system transducers Δpp
- as the demand from the system goes down, the pump speed will be reduced.
- the pump speed can be reduced until it reaches the minimum allowed flow rate on the heat exchanger of the unit
- this flow rate is indirectly monitored through the losses detected by the differential pressure transducer Δpe
- When the minimum allowed flow rate threshold is exceeded, the control system will open the bypass valve Vbp to recirculate the flow rate that is not required by the system, but is necessary to guarantee the minimum flow rate to the heat exchanger.

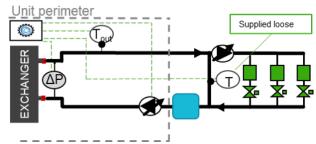
In the required minimum load condition (that is, with all system terminals switched off) the necessary minimum volume (Vmin) must be ensured by the relevant tank to be installed between the unit and the separator or the bypass pipe.

The bypass valve Vbp is controlled through a 0-10 V signal and must therefore be installed within 30 m of the unit.

The pressure transducers of the system  $\Delta pp$  provide a 4-20 mA signal and require two 1/4" female fittings. These transducers must be installed within 200 m of the unit, near the system terminal that is affected by the highest line head losses or in any case in a position where it is possible to measure an adequate pressure value.

Further details can be found in the relevant manual.

# FVPS FLOWZER VPS - automatic management of variable flow rate, including balancing of flow rates between primary and secondary circuits;



Bluethink solution for a variable flow rate system, consisting of a primary circuit plus secondary circuit.

It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit. The accessory is not compatible with Multilogic. Please contact our sales department for further details.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller, just one heat exchanger on the user side and a minimum capacity step of 25% or less.

The option offers a complete default package to guarantee simple selection, purchasing and commissioning. Flowzer VPS has the advantage of:

- being ideal for renovations of existing systems, especially for comfort applications
- achieving a complete variable flow system, with maximum energy saving
- implementing a flexible design, e.g. for scalable or multi-zone systems

The maximum energy saving is achieved thanks to the advanced algorithm, which prevents hunting by the inverter and balances the pump speed and the recirculation flow rate to a minimum.

With refurbishments, the system's capex is limited to the unit and its commissioning.

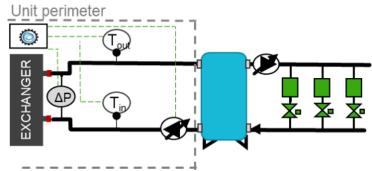
The dimensions of the inverter of the unit and of the pump module can be favoured by the low design discharge head of the primary circuit.

The operating principle can be summarized as follows:

- Flowzer VPS performs a smart check of the flow rate in the primary circuit and balances it with the flow rate in the secondary circuit.
- the system controller modulates the pump speed according to the condition detected by the system sensors
- if the system terminals are switched off, the flow rate of the secondary circuit will decrease; therefore the direction of flow is detected indirectly as temperature difference by the system sensors through the separator or the bypass pipe
- The check thus contributes to reducing the speed of the primary pump until the min. flow threshold in the heat exchanger of the unit is exceeded.
- this flow rate is indirectly monitored through the losses detected by the differential pressure transducer  $\Delta pe$  In the required minimum load condition (that is, with all system terminals switched off) the necessary minimum volume (Vmin) must be ensured by the relevant tank to be installed between the unit and the separator or the bypass pipe.

The temperature sensors of the system T provide a 4-20 mA signal and require 1/2" female fittings. Further details can be found in the relevant manual.

# FVPD FLOWZER VPS with TD-based control - automatic management of the variable flow rate, including control with constant temperature difference (TD) in the heat exchanger on the user side in



Bluethink solution for variable flow systems - ideal for systems featuring a primary and a secondary circuit physically divided by a heat exchanger or a tank with multiple connections.

flowzer vps with TD-based control includes:

• a differential pressure transducer, installed at the factory at the ends of the user-side heat exchanger of the unit  $(\Delta pe)$ 

The option must be necessarily combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit. The option is not compatible with the Multilogic version. Please refer to the HYZER solutions for the compatibility between variable flow systems and multi-machine systems.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller and just one heat exchanger on the user side.

The option offers a complete default package to guarantee simple selection, purchasing and commissioning. flowzer vps with TD-based control offers the following advantages:

- a full package that is easy to install as all the regulating devices are pre-assembled and pre-wired in the unit;
- achieving a complete variable flow system, with maximum energy saving
- the ideal solution to refurbish existing systems where the T different must be kept constant in the system, especially in comfort applications;

The maximum energy saving is achieved thanks to the advanced algorithm, which prevents hunting by the inverter and balances the pump speed and the recirculation flow rate to a minimum.

The dimensions of the inverter of the unit and of the pump module can be favoured by the low design discharge head of the primary circuit.

The operating principle can be summarized as follows:

- flowzer vps with TD-based control performs smart monitoring of the flow rate in the primary circuit, keeping the T difference constant in the heat exchanger;
- the system controller modulates the pump speed according to the condition detected by the temperature sensors (T) in the system, which are installed at the inlet and outlet of the heat exchanger on the user side;
- the difference in the water temperature (T) and flow rate are inversely proportional, which is why if the T difference is reduced at the same performance level, the water flow exceeds the flow required by the system and the pump speed is reduced in order to save energy;

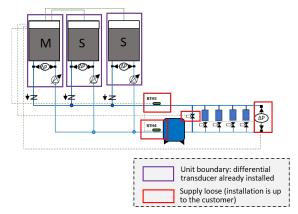
on the other hand, when the load increases, the T difference increases in the system and the pump speed is increased accordingly.

- The check contributes to reducing/increasing the speed of the pump in the primary circuit until the min./ max. flow threshold admitted in the heat exchanger of the unit is exceeded.
- this flow rate is indirectly monitored through the losses detected by the differential pressure transducer  $\Delta pe$  The temperature sensors of the system output a 4-20 mA signal.

Further details can be found in the relevant manual.

#### HFx HYZER E VFPP function

The HYZER E VFPP function combines the Multilogic function, which is designed to manage multi-machine systems, with the FLOWZER VFPP control for variable flow systems.



It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller, just one heat exchanger on the user side and a minimum capacity step of 25% or less.

Units operate according to the Master/Slave logic that is typical of a Multilogic system. For additional details, please refer to the FMx option.

VFPP control requires the installation on the machine of a differential transducer at the ends of the user-side heat exchanger in order to keep the flow rate in the system within a specific min. value allowed.

For additional details on the FLOWZER VFPP logic, please refer to the dedicated FVF option.

The networked units may be of different types, and the same observations as for the Multilogic option apply:

- if there are both chiller units and heat pumps in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the HP units;
- if there are both free-cooling and non free-cooling units in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the free-cooling units.

The HYZER E function requested with the unit can be:

- HFO: HYZER E VFPP function for Slave units;
- **HF2:** HYZER E VFPP function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 2 Slave units;
- **HF6:** HYZER E VFPP function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 6 Slave units.

If you need to connect more than 6 slaves (up to 31), you can ask for a quotation from our sales department. For the slave units, the accessory requires:

• programming of the unit as slave of a system of machines in Multilogic network

For the master units, the accessory requires:

- programming of the unit as master of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- · entering of the parameters necessary for connection with the individual slave units
- installation in the electrical control panel of a network switch to allow the units to be connected in a LAN network.
- the supply of 2 temperature probes to be positioned on the delivery and return manifold for system thermoregulation (supplied with the system installation and wiring by the customer);
- the supply of two pressure transducers (supplied with the system installation and wiring by the customer) to be installed near the system terminal that is affected by the highest head losses in the line or in any case in a position where it is possible to measure an adequate pressure value.
- The option also includes the supply of a bypass valve controlled by a 0-10 V signal, which must be selected in function of the system capacity. Please refer to the VBx options for correct selection.

The connection between the master unit and the slave units made with a CAT cable. 5E/UTP (prepared by the customer) with RJ45 connectors. Maximum cable length 100m.

For further details, please refer to the controller manual.

#### **VBx VFPP** bypass valve for HYZER E

The option is supplied with the bypass valve, which is selected according to the system capacity.

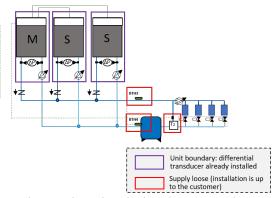
This option must be selected with either the "HYZER E VFPP function for Master unit to manage up to 2 Slave units" or "HYZER E VFPP function for Master unit to manage up to 6 Slave units".

	System capacity range**	Quantity	Diameter	Qmax**
	kW	-	in	m³/h
S_A	<240	1	2 1/2"	41.3
S_B	240÷335	1	3"	57.6
s_c	335÷570	1	4"	98
S_D	570÷850	1	5"	146.2
S_E	850÷1250	1	6"	215
S_F	1250÷1700	2	2 x 5''	2 x 146.2
S_G	1700÷2500	2	2 x 6''	2 x 215

<sup>\*\*</sup> values based on a 5 °C temperature difference between the delivery and the return temperature

#### **HSx** HYZER E VPS function

The HYZER E VPS function combines the Multilogic function, which is used to manage multi-machine systems, with the FLOWZER VPS control for variable flow systems.



It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller, just one heat exchanger on the user side and a minimum capacity step of 25% or less.

Units operate according to the Master/Slave logic that is typical of a Multilogic system. For additional details, please refer to the FMx option.

VPS control requires the installation on the machine of a differential transducer at the ends of the user-side heat exchanger in order to keep the flow rate in the system within a specific min. value allowed.

For additional details on the FLOWZER VPS logic, please refer to the dedicated FVPS option.

The networked units may be of different types, and the same observations as for the Multilogic option apply:

- if there are both chiller units and heat pumps in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the HP units;
- if there are both free-cooling and non free-cooling units in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the free-cooling units.

The HYZER E function requested with the unit can be:

- HSO: HYZER E VPS function for Slave units;
- HS2: HYZER E VPS function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 2 Slave units;
- **HS6:** HYZER E VPS function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 6 Slave units.

If you need to connect more than 6 slaves (up to 31), you can ask for a quotation from our sales department.

For the slave units, the accessory requires:

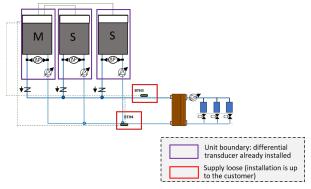
- programming of the unit as slave of a system of machines in Multilogic network For the master units, the accessory requires:
- programming of the unit as master of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- entering of the parameters necessary for connection with the individual slave units
- installation in the electrical control panel of a network switch to allow the units to be connected in a LAN network.
- the supply of 2 temperature probes to be installed on the delivery manifold and on the bypass branch, which are typical of VPS control (supplied with the system installation and wiring by the customer).

The connection between the master unit and the slave units made with a CAT cable. 5E/UTP (prepared by the customer) with RJ45 connectors. Maximum cable length 100m.

For further details, please refer to the controller manual.

# **HDx HYZER E VPS** with DT-based control function

The HYZER E VPS with TD-based control function combines the Multilogic function, which is used to manage multi-machine systems, with the FLOWZER VPS with DT-based control control for variable flow systems.



It is obligatory for the option to be combined with the Flowzer VP (inverter) and with one of the hydraulic modules that can be selected for the unit.

The unit must include the advanced Bluethink controller, just one heat exchanger on the user side and a minimum capacity step of 25% or less.

Units operate according to the Master/Slave logic that is typical of a Multilogic system. For additional details, please refer to the FMx option.

VPS with DT-based control control requires the installation on the machine of a differential transducer at the ends of the user-side heat exchanger in order to keep the flow rate in the system within a specific min. value allowed.

For additional details on the FLOWZER VPS with TD-based control logic, please refer to the dedicated FVPS with DT-based control option.

The networked units may be of different types, and the same observations as for the Multilogic option apply:

- if there are both chiller units and heat pumps in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the HP units;
- if there are both free-cooling and non free-cooling units in the network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the free-cooling units.

The HYZER E function requested with the unit can be:

- HDO: HYZER E VPS with TD-based control function for Slave units;
- **HD2:** HYZER E VPS with TD-based control function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 2 Slave units;
- **HD6:** HYZER E VPS with TD-based control function for the Master unit in order to manage up to 6 Slave units.

If you need to connect more than 6 slaves (up to 31), you can ask for a quotation from our sales department.

For the slave units, the accessory requires:

- programming of the unit as slave of a system of machines in Multilogic network For the master units, the accessory requires:
- programming of the unit as master of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- entering of the parameters necessary for connection with the individual slave units
- installation in the electrical control panel of a network switch to allow the units to be connected in a LAN network.

The connection between the master unit and the slave units made with a CAT cable. 5E/UTP (prepared by the customer) with RJ45 connectors. Maximum cable length 100m.

For further details, please refer to the controller manual.

### PVX Variable flow setup for HYZER X

The dedicated HYZER X controller is designed to manage the different units, devices and components that make up a hydronic system.

Systems featuring this controller require that the PVX option be installed at the ends of the user-side heat exchanger of a differential pressure transducer so that the machine is set up for variable flow rate control.

This option is mandatory in all units making up the system.

For additional information on the product HYZER X, please refer to the specific technical catalogue.

#### VIX Shut-off valves for systems with external pumps for HYZER X

Systems featuring the HYZER X controller enable the selection of the shut-off valve used in systems that have an external pumping unit.

The option is always supplied separately from the unit and is for installation by the customer.

#### FLMX User-side flow meter for HYZER X

Systems featuring the HYZER X controller enable the selection of the flow meter option to calculate the flow rate and the performances of the units.

The option is supplied with the system for installation on the user side (installation by customer).

# SID Hydraulically disconnected tank

The tank fitted in the unit will have an inlet and outlet, flush with the machine profile, and will be disconnected from the remaining hydraulic circuit. This will allow correct enabling of the 3-way valve for domestic hot water management, thus avoiding going through the buffer tank during domestic hot water production.

# V3MC 3-way modulating valve on hot circuit

The accessory involves the supply of a 3-way modulating valve to be inserted on the hot circuit in order to check that the temperature of the water entering the exchanger is always higher than the minimum allowed.

# **Electrical accessories**

# **CSP** Set point compensation depending on external air temperature

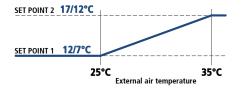
For units fitted with this accessory, the set point of the unit is set so that it can vary between two values, a maximum and a minimum, depending on the external air temperature. The compensation ramp and the maximum and minimum values of the set point can be changed by the user.

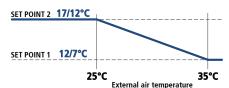
Unless otherwise specified in the order, the controller will be set to implement a positive compensation logic according to the temperatures shown in the following diagrams:

# **Positive compensation**

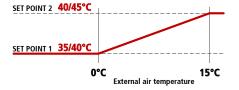
**Negative compensation** 

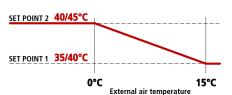
#### Chiller





**Heat pump** 





# **CP** Single potential free operating contacts

For units fitted with this accessory, there are clean contacts available on the terminal board inside the electrical box from which the customer can acquire signals that show the status of the unit's components (compressors, fans, pumps, alarms).

#### TERM Remote-controlled user terminal panel

This accessory allows the terminal normally situated on the machine to be replicated on a support situated at a distance. It is particularly suitable when the unit is placed in an area that is not easily accessible.

The accessory is supplied loose and is to be installed by the customer at a maximum distance of 120m from the unit.

# RMMT Maximum and minimum voltage relay

This accessory constantly monitors the voltage value and the unit's power supply phase sequence. If the supply voltage does not fall within the set parameters or there is a phase reversal, an alarm is generated that stops the machine to prevent damage to its main parts

#### SETD Double set point from digital input

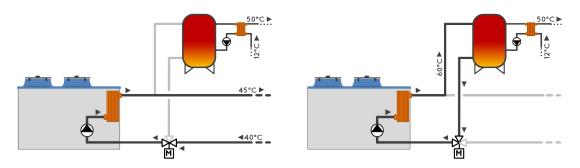
The accessory allows you to preset two different operating set points and manage the change from one to the other through a digital signal.

The set point temperatures must be specified when ordering. For optimization of the unit, reference will be made to the lower set point in chiller mode and the higher set point in heat pump mode.

Unless otherwise specified in the order, the controller will be set at the factory with the following temperatures:

- in chiller mode, set point 1 to 7°C and set point 2 to 12°C
- in heat pump mode (only for HP units) set point 1 to 45°C and set point 2 to 40°C

#### AS Automatic management of domestic hot water



This function enables the unit to control the temperature inside a domestic hot water storage tank and to manage a 3-way valve outside the unit (available as an accessory).

The water temperature in the domestic hot water tank is controlled through a dedicated probe situated in the tank.

Normally, the heat pump operates on the system to meet the comfort requirements of the building, but when the water temperature in the domestic hot water tank falls below a set threshold, the controller switches to domestic hot water production.

If the unit is operating as heat pump for heating, the 3-way valve will be switched and the set point changed. On the other hand, if the unit is producing chilled water for air conditioning, the controller switches the unit to heat pump mode, gives it the set point for domestic hot water and turns the 3-way valve to the appropriate position. Once the temperature in the domestic hot water tank has reached the set value, the unit automatically returns to producing water for the heating or air conditioning system.

When there is a defrost request, the 3-way valve is always forced to position itself on the system, whatever operating mode it may be in.

Domestic hot water production is always given priority.

With this accessory there are two digital inputs in the electrical control panel for respectively deactivating domestic hot water production and the production of water for the heating/air conditioning system.

When the unit is working in "domestic hot water only" mode, the pump is normally off and is switched on only for the time required to meet the demand for domestic hot water production.

When this accessory is fitted, the machine must have control of pump operation. This means that either the unit is equipped with one of the hydronic modules available in the catalogue (therefore with at least one pump installed on it) or the relay for external pump management must be requested as accessory.

The probe to be fitted in the domestic hot water tank is supplied with the unit with a 5m long cable. The probe is used to measure the water temperature in the hottest part of the tank, so it must be positioned in a specially prepared pocket and secured using heat conducting paste. Installation by the customer.

#### **RE1P** Relay for management of 1 external pump

This accessory can be requested for units without pumps and allows a pump outside the machine to be controlled.

# **RE2P** Relay for management of 2 external pumps

This accessory can be requested for units without pumps and allows two pumps outside the machine to be controlled with a running/stand-by logic by implementing a rotation on the hours of operation.

The two pumps are controlled by two separate relays.

# **IACV** Automatic circuit breakers

With this accessory, automatic circuit breakers are installed instead of fuses for the protection of auxiliary loads. Also, the same accessory uses automatic circuit breakers with adjustable thermal overload protection to protect the compressors.

# LIID Limitation of the current absorbed by digital input

When this accessory is requested, a digital input is prepared in the terminal board to activate the forced capacity reduction of the unit to a set fixed level.

This accessory is useful when there is a need to necessarily limit the power absorbed by the unit as regards particular conditions.

We point out that, in some conditions (for example, during defrosting, oil return cycles or hourly compressor rotation procedures), the controller could force the unit to operate at full capacity for limited periods of time.

## **CSU** Enabling for integration heater on user side

The accessory enables management of a heat source outside the unit which is supplementary to the user circuit.

The necessary OK signals for controlling a maximum of four capacity steps are included in the electrical control panel. Activation of the steps takes place depending on the distance from the set heat pump set point.

#### **CSS** Enabling for integration heater on tap water side

The accessory enables management of a heat source outside the unit which is supplementary to the domestic hot water circuit.

#### TSS Thermoregulation from tank-mounted probe

This option is designed to start thermoregulation of the unit, based on the set point of an additional probe that can be installed in the storage tank.

The probe is 6 metre long and is supplied together with the unit.

# GIT Area management in mixed heating/cooling installations

This option is designed to set the water supply temperature through the regulation of a 3-way valve for each area. This option can control up to 2 areas with different temperature set points (e.g. a mixed installation with radiators and fan coils).

This option includes an energy saving function that is intended to optimise the operating set point of the unit based on the actual demand of each area.

This option includes two 6-metre long probes that are supplied together with the units.

#### **SETV** Variable set point with remote signal

The accessory allows the set point to be varied continuously between two preset values, a maximum and a minimum, depending on an external signal that can be of the 0-1V, 0-10V or 4-20mA type.

The set point temperatures and the type of signal to use for the adjustment must be specified when ordering. For optimization of the unit, reference will be made to the lower set point in chiller mode and the higher set point in heat pump mode.

Unless otherwise specified in the order, the controller will be set at the factory with 0-10V analogue input and with the following temperatures:

- in chiller mode, 0V will correspond to a set point of 7°C and 10V will correspond to a set point of 12°C
- in heat pump mode (only for HP units), 0V will correspond to a set point of 45°C and 10V will correspond to a set point of 40°C

If the difference between the minimum set point and the maximum set point is greater than 5K, it is compulsory to ask for the accessory "Electronic expansion valve".

# **SQE** Heater for electrical control panel

Electric heaters are positioned inside the electrical control panel and these prevent the formation of ice or condensation inside it.

# ARU Stopping of the unit due to temperatures below the operating limit

With this accessory, it is possible to set the unit so that the controller switches off the compressors when the unit is operating in heat pump mode and the external air temperature falls below a minimum set limit: this will prevent the unit from going into low pressure alarm, so avoiding having to manually restart the machine. When the external air temperature returns above the set threshold temperature, the unit will automatically resume operation without it being necessary to do anything.

For units equipped with integrated pump, the pump will always be kept running so as to prevent ice formation and ensure correct reading of the temperature and antifreeze safety probes at all times.

The stopping temperature must be set based on the set point temperature and in accordance with what is allowed by the operating limits of the machine.

The same function can be used to set an external air temperature below which to use an alternative heat source because it is more efficient or economically more advantageous.

#### **NSS** Night Shift System

In the day time slot, which is normally the one with the highest thermal load, priority is given to efficiency and therefore the machine operates with a fan regulation curve that maximizes the EER. In the night time band (or in any case from time band decided by the customer), the priority changes to limiting the noisiness of the machine and therefore the controller carries out an adjustment of the control ramp of the condensing fans, thereby reducing the air flow rate and consequently the noise emission level. So, in this time band, the unit is a super low noise machine (equivalent to SLN). In any case, if there is a need for additional cooling capacity, the controller will manage the demand, if necessary, by accelerating the fans and keeping condensation within the correct operating limits. The time slots can be set from the control depending on installation requirements. When the unit is working in heat pump mode, in order to maximise the COP and to obtain the widest possible operating limits, the control of the unit forces the fans to the maximum speed also during the night time bands.

#### **ENM** Energy meter

The accessory allows the main electrical quantities (including voltage, current, power) to be read on the three phases, via current transformer.

This accessory communicates with the BlueThink controller to supervise the monitored data. The values measured are then made available through the unit display and the web server.

# SV3 Signal for 3-way modulating valve

In the electrical control panel, a 0-10V output is preset to be used to control a 3-way modulating valve inserted on the hot circuit.

If the temperature of the water entering the hot exchanger is too low (for example, after the machine has been stopped for an extended period), through this signal, the controller of the unit will control the valve so as to recirculate part of the flow rate at the outlet and ensure that the unit always works within the operating limits. The 3-way modulating valve is not included in this accessory, but can be requested as further accessory.

# **Network accessories**

# PBA BACnet protocol over IP (Ethernet)

The controller is set for use, in read and write mode, of the BACnet port on IP protocol.

By default, the programming gives read-only access to the control of the unit. Reading / writing access is activable on field with a service level.

#### PSN SNMP protocol

The accessory consists of a gateway that allows Ethernet connection to a SNMP manager supervision system. The use of this accessory causes the RS485 serial port to be unavailable.

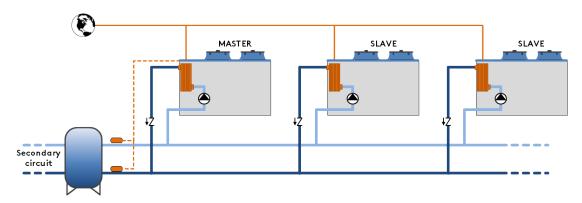
#### **GLO Modbus Lonworks Gateway**

With this accessory, a RS485/Lon gateway is installed inside the electrical control panel.

By default, the programming gives read-only access to the control of the unit. Reading / writing access is activable on field with a service level.

## **FMx** Multilogic Function

The Multilogic function allows management of up to 32 units equipped with advanced Bluethink controller and connected in hydraulic parallel with each other.



On the basis of the information recorded by the temperature probes installed on the delivery and return manifolds of the system, with the master unit, a capacity request is generated that is distributed among the units connected in the Multilogic network according to settable priority and optimization logics.

If communication between the units fails or if the master is off-line, the slave units can continue to work according to the set thermoregulation parameters.

The connected units can be different from each other, in terms of capacity and set-up, provided the following rules are complied with:

- if there are both chiller units and heat pumps in the Multilogic network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the HP units
- if there are both free cooling and non free-cooling units in the Multilogic network, the Master unit must obligatorily be one of the free-cooling units.

The Multilogic function that can be requested with the unit can be:

- FMO: Multilogic function for Slave unit
- FM2: Multilogic function for Master unit for managing up to 2 Slaves
- FM6: Multilogic function for Master unit for managing up to 6 Slaves

If you need to connect more than 6 slaves (up to 31), you can ask for a quotation from our sales department.

For the slave units, the accessory requires:

• programming of the unit as slave of a system of machines in Multilogic network

For the master units, the accessory requires:

- programming of the unit as master of a system of machines in Multilogic network
- entering of the parameters necessary for connection with the individual slave units
- installation in the electrical control panel of a network switch to allow the units to be connected in a LAN network.
- the supply of 2 temperature probes to be positioned on the delivery and return manifold of the system (supplied separately with it, installation and wiring by the customer)

The connection between the master unit and the slave units made with a CAT cable. 5E/UTP (prepared by the customer) with RJ45 connectors. Maximum cable length 100m.

For further details, please refer to the controller manual.

# SMAR Smartlink function predisposition

This accessory makes it possible to connect the controller of the unit with the controller of a Swegon  $GOLD^{TM}$  air handling unit via a simple serial cable, so allowing their operating logics to be merged into a single consciousness that pursues the maximum energy efficiency of the system. The RS485 serial interface is already included and dedicated to connection with Swegon units.

The option is incompatible with:

- double set point
- · variable set point with remote signal
- summer/winter selection by digital input
- · set point compensation depending on external air temperature
- multilogic
- all communication protocols.

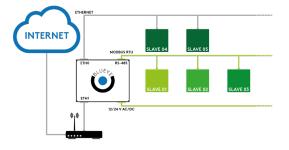
#### SMAP Setup of Smartlink+ functions

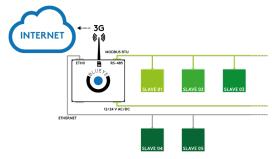
This option is used to connect the controller in the unit with the controller of a Swegon GOLD™ air handling unit via the Ethernet port TCP/IP, so allowing the operating logics of hydronic and ventilation systems to be merged into a single logic for the achievement of maximum energy efficiency and comfort. This option is only available for units featuring an advanced controller and it is compatible with Multilogic and Hyzer systems only if the machine is the Master.

The option is incompatible with:

- · double set point
- variable set point with remote signal
- · set point compensation depending on external air temperature
- all communication protocols.

#### **BEET Blueye® via Ethernet**





**Blueye**® is a supervision platform that enables remote monitoring of one or more units in the same system interconnected through a network with Modbus protocol.

This accessory features the Blueye device, as already installed and wired in the unit.

The critical variables to be monitored over time are identified for each connected device. These variables are sampled and saved to the cloud so that they are accessible at all times through a web portal or a mobile APP (available for Android and iOS).

The following options can be selected for connection to the internet:

- a LAN (Ethernet) connection available in the system;
- a connection to a mobile network at least 3G. The data SIM card is not included.

Three different types of contracts can be signed.

#### Blueye® Cloud Basic:

- to monitor a max. of 20 variables in total over max. 5 units/peripherals;
- to set a min. sampling frequency of 60 seconds.

#### Blueye® Cloud Advanced:

- to monitor a max. of 200 variables in total over max. 10 units/peripherals;
- to set a min. sampling frequency of 5 seconds.

### Blueye® Connect:

• To monitor up to 10 units/peripherals.

Subscribing to any of the **Blueye® Cloud** enables:

- viewing the history of the monitored variables, in the form of both numerical values and graphs;
- · downloading the history of variables in CSV format;
- the creation of automatic reports;
- setting notifications (via APP or mail) with settable thresholds for each variable;
- switching the unit ON/OFF remotely;;
- changing the set point remotely;
- selection of SUMMER/WINTER mode remotely (for reversible units only).

The subscription to the **Blueye® Connect** service offers the advantages below:

- a safe connection (tunnelling) between the user and the remote unit through the Blueye® portal;
- · full access to the remote controller;
- real time monitoring;
- software upgrading.

**Blueye®** via Ethernet is only available for units supplied with an advanced controller and does not include any type of service. This service must be purchased separately based on the number of units/devices to be connected and the number of variables to be monitored. In order to connect multiple units to **Blueye®** device, the network switch is required (this accessory is sold separately).

Units can also be connected to the Blueye device through the RS485 network featuring a Modbus RTU protocol (for this option, refer to BERS accessory).

For further details, refer to the specific Blueye® documentation.

#### **SW4P** Network switch with 4 ports

The accessory includes installation in DIN rail of a professional 4-port network switch. Requires Blueye via Ethernet.

#### WIFI Wi-Fi

The accessory includes the supply of a Hot Spot WiFi already installed, wired and configured, complete with antenna. This accessory requires the Ethernet port of the controller to be available or, alternatively, a network switch with at least one available port to be present in the machine.

### Other accessories

# SCK Snow protection kit

Painted sheet metal preventing the build-up of snow on the heat exchanger on the source side

#### AG Rubber anti-vibration mounts

These allow you to reduce the vibrations transmitted from the unit to the surface it is standing on. Accessory supplied loose.

#### ALPR Pre-painted aluminium coil

This option uses finned pack coils with copper tubes and pre-painted aluminium fins.

#### **ANTC** Coil treated with anti-corrosion paints

The treatment is applied exclusively to finned pack coils with copper tubes and aluminium fins and consists of aluminium passivation and coating with a polyurethane base; a double layer of paint, of which the first passivates the aluminium and acts as primer and the second is a polyurethane based surface coating. The product has high resistance to corrosion and all environmental conditions.

The product has high resistance to corrosion and to all environmental conditions.

Protective treatment of the exchanger is strongly recommended if at least one of the points below is verified:

- there are obvious signs of corrosion on the exposed metal surfaces in the installation area
- the installation is located close to the sea coast
- the prevailing winds come from the sea and travel in the direction of the unit
- the environment is industrial with a significant concentration of pollutants
- · it is an urban environment with a high population density
- it is a rural environment with the presence of organic discharges and effluents

For chiller units, this accessory also includes the "Cu/Al coil" accessory.

With reference to the protection criteria to follow, especially for installations close to the coast, refer to the section titled "Installations that require the use of treated coils".

# GABB Packaging in wooden crate

The unit is protected by a custom-made wooden cage, including a wooden sled designed for loading into containers and a fixing system. The accessory can be used for container shipping. Loading on containers must be carried out at the factory. The accessory is incompatible with "Skid for shipping in containers".

## RAM Antifreeze oversized heater for condensate drip tray

The unit is fitted as standard with a heating cable glued to the bottom of the condensate tray to prevent formation of ice.

RAM accessory provide an oversizes electrical heaters system.

Heaters are managed with a thermostat, activated depending on outside air temperature.

Recommended accessory for installations in regions with temperatures below -5°C or in the case of installations particularly exposed to cold winds.

## **RETE** Coil protection mesh with metal filter

Coil protection mesh with hail-proof metal filter

# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **GEYSER SKY HI HP RO**

			20	25	30
Cooling					
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	16.73	22.5	27
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	6.37	8.7	10.8
EER	(1)		2.63	2.57	2.5
Heating					
Heating capacity	(2)	kW	19.82	25.02	30.79
Total absorbed power	(2)	kW	5.89	7.94	10
COP	(2)		2.89	2.81	2.81
Compressors					
Compressors/Circuits		n°	1/1	1/1	1/1
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	17	17	17
Refrigerant charge HP	(3)	kg	1.6	2	2.4
Fans					
Quantity		n°	2	2	2
Total air flow rate HP		m³/h	19600	19600	19600
User-side heat exchanger					
Quantity		n°	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	2.9	3.9	4.7
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	11	11	13
Water flow rate HP	(2)	m³/h	3.4	4.3	5.3
Pressure drop HP	(2)	kPa	14	15	18
Noise levels					
Sound power level cooling	(4)	dB(A)	82	82	85
Sound pressure level cooling	(6)	dB(A)	50	50	53
Dimensions and weights**					
Length		mm	1715	1715	1715
Depth		mm	700	700	700
Height		mm	1738	1738	1738
Operating weight		kg	410	414	415

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

- (1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
- (2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
- (3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.
- (4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.
- (5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744.
- (6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.
- (7) Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for calculating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.
- \*\* Basic unit without included accessories

### **GEYSER SKY HI HP SLN RO**

			20	25	30
Cooling					
Refrigeration capacity	(1)	kW	16.4	21.2	25.7
Total absorbed power	(1)	kW	6.4	8.7	10.9
EER	(1)		2.58	2.45	2.37
Heating					
Heating capacity	(2)	kW	19.82	25.02	30.79
Total absorbed power	(2)	kW	5.89	7.94	10
COP	(2)		2.89	2.81	2.81
Compressors					
Compressors/Circuits		n°	1/1	1/1	1/1
Minimum capacity reduction step	(7)	%	17	17	17
Refrigerant charge HP	(3)	kg	1.6	2	2.4
Fans					
Quantity		n°	2	2	2
Total air flow rate HP		m³/h	19600	19600	19600
User-side heat exchanger					
Quantity		n°	1	1	1
Water flow rate CH	(1)	m³/h	2.82	3.65	4.42
Pressure drop CH	(1)	kPa	11	11	13
Water flow rate HP	(2)	m³/h	3.41	4.3	5.3
Pressure drop HP	(2)	kPa	14	15	18
Noise levels					
Sound pressure lev. SLN vers.	(4)	dB(A)	80	80	83
Sound pressure lev. SLN vers.	(6)	dB(A)	48.4	48.4	51.4
Dimensions and weights**					
Length		mm	1715	1715	1715
Depth		mm	700	700	700
Height		mm	1738	1738	1738
Operating weight		kg	410	414	415

CH: chiller unit; HP: heat pump unit; MCHX: unit with microchannel coils

- (1) External air temperature of 35°C and user-side heat exchanger water inlet-outlet temperature of 12-7°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
- (2) Outside air temperature 7°C DB, 6°C WB; condenser inlet/outlet water temperature 40/45°C. Values compliant with standard EN 14511
- (3) Theoretical values referred to the basic unit. The amount of gas actually charged in the unit may differ.
- (4) Unit operating at rated capacity, with no accessories of any kind external air temperature 35°C and water input/output temperature from/to heat exchanger and user equal to 12/7°C. Values taken by measurements made in accordance with standard ISO 3744 and the Eurovent certification programme, where applicable. Binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.
- (5) unit operating at nominal operating capacity, with no accessories of any kind, with external air temperature of 7°C (6°C WB) and user-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature of 40/45°C. Values obtained from measurements carried out in accordance with standard ISO 3744.
- (6) Values obtained from the sound power level (conditions: note 4), related to a distance of 10 m from the unit in free field with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values See NOISE LEVELS section.
- (7) Approximate value. The minimum capacity reached by the unit depends on the operating conditions. The value shown may not be suitable for calculating the minimum volume of water: to do this, consult the "Minimum water content in the system" section.
- \*\* Basic unit without included accessories

# **ECODESIGN**

#### INTRODUCTION

The Ecodesign/ErP Directive (2009/125/EC) lays down new standards for more efficient energy use.

The Directive contains various regulations; as regards chiller products and heat pumps, the regulations of interest are the following:

- Regulation 2013/813, for small heat pumps (Pdesign ≤ 400 kW)
- Regulation 2016/2281, for chillers and heat pumps with Pdesign > 400 kW
- Regulation 2013/811, for heat pumps with Pdesign ≤ 70 kW.

The last-mentioned regulation (2013/811) regards the labelling (Ecolabel certification) of small heat pumps.

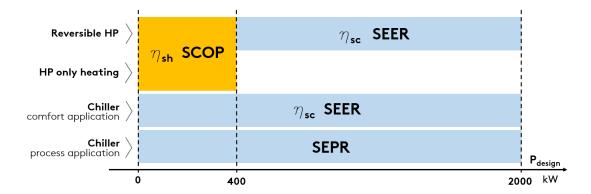
The other two regulations (2013/813 and 2016/2281) set seasonal efficiency targets that the products must comply with to be sold and installed in the European Union (essential requirement for CE marking).

These efficiency limits are defined through ratios, which are respectively:

- ηsh (SCOP), with reference to regulation 2013/813
- nsc (SEER) for comfort applications and SEPR for process applications, with reference to regulation 2016/2281.

As regards regulation 2016/2281, with effect from 1st January 2021, the required minimum efficiency limit will be raised (Tier 2) from the current threshold (Tier 1).

The figure below schematically illustrates the correspondence between product and reference energy ratio.



Some notes and clarifications:

For comfort applications, regulation 2016/2281 sets the nsc (SEER) ratio in two different operating conditions:

- SEER calculated with machine inlet/outlet water temperature of 12/7°C (low temperature application),
- SEER calculated with machine inlet/outlet water temperature of 23/18°C (medium temperature application).

The minimum efficiency requirement is the same, but can be met at condition 12/7°C or at condition 23/18°C, depending on the application envisaged for the machine.

Regulation 2013/813 distinguishes two different types: at low temperature and at medium temperature.

The following refer to the application at low temperature: (low temperature application) all heat pumps whose maximum delivery temperature for heating purposes is lower than 52°C with source at temperature of -7°C and -8°C wet bulb (air-water unit) or inlet 10°C (water-water unit), at the reference design conditions for an average climate. For these, the efficiency ratio is "low temperature application" (outlet water temperature 35°C).

For all the other heat pumps, the efficiency ratio is related to "medium temperature application" (outlet water temperature 55°C).

The ratios must be calculated according to the reference European heating season in average climatic conditions.

The minimum efficiency requirements set by the regulations are indicated below.

# REGULATION 2016/2281, comfort application

	TVDE OF UNIT	MINIMUM REQUIREMENT					
	TYPE OF UNIT		r 1	Tier 2	Tier 2 (2021)		
SOURCE	Pdesign	ηsc [%]	SEER	ηsc [%]	SEER		
air	< 400kW	149	3,8	161	4,1		
air	≥ 400kW	161	4,1	179	4,55		
water	< 400kW	196	4,975	200	5,075		
water	≥ 400kW and < 1500kW	227	5,75	252	6,375		
water	≥ 1500kW	245	6,2	272	6,875		

# REGULATION 2016/2281, process application

	TVDE OF LINIT	MINIMUM REQUIREMENT			
TYPE OF UNIT		Tier 1	Tier 2 (2021)		
SOURCE	Pdesign	SEPR	SEPR		
air	< 400kW	4,5	5		
air	≥ 400kW	5	5,5		
water	< 400kW	6,5	7		
water	≥ 400kW and < 1500kW	7,5	8		
water	≥ 1500kW	8	8,5		

# REGULATION 2013/813

COLIDCE	ADDUCATION	MINIMUM RE	QUIREMENT
SOURCE	APPLICATION	ηsh [%]	SCOP
air	low temperature application	125	3,2
water	low temperature application	125	3,325
air	medium temperature application	110	2,825
water	medium temperature application	110	2,95

The conformity of the product must be checked according to the type of application, whether comfort or process, and at the required outlet water temperature.

The two schematic tables below, respectively for comfort application and for process application, indicate the reference of the required conformity according to the type of product and the set point temperature (reference to regulations 2016/2281 and 2013/813).

Important note: for mixed comfort and process applications, the reference application for conformity is the comfort application.

# COMFORT APPLICATION

PRODUCT	OUTLET WATER TEM-	COMPLIANCE INDEX	REGULATION
	PERATURE		
Chiller	< 18°C	SEER/ηsc low temperature application	2016/2281
	≥ 18°C	SEER/ŋsc medium temperature application	2016/2281
Heat pumps (reversible and only heating) Pdesign≤400kW		SCOP/ηsh	2013/813
Reversible heat pumps Pdesign>400kW	< 18°C	SEER/ŋsc low temperature application	2016/2281
	≥ 18°C	SEER/ŋsc medium temperature application	2016/2281
Heat pumps only heating Pdesign>400kW		-	-

<sup>- =</sup> exemption from Ecodesign

### PROCESS APPLICATION

PRODUCT	OUTLET WATER TEM- PERATURE	COMPLIANCE INDEX	REGULATION
Chiller	≥ +2°C , ≤ 12°C	SEPR	2016/2281
	> 12°C	-	-
	> -8°C , < +2°C	-	-

<sup>- =</sup> exemption from Ecodesign

Some specifications and notes follow.

### Partly completed machinery

The term partly completed machinery refers to all units without a user-side or source-side heat exchanger, and therefore to all LC, LE, LC/HP and LE/HP versions. Since these are "non-complete" machines, conformity with Ecodesign depends on combination with the remote heat exchanger.

All the partly completed machinery is CE marked and accompanied by a declaration of conformity. Installation in European Union countries is therefore allowed; correct selection and installation of the remote heat exchanger must be ensured, in accordance with the above cases.

### EC fans:

The only option that positively affects the performance of the unit, by increasing its seasonal energy efficiency ratio, is the VEC accessory.

# **GAMMA GEYSER SKY**

Regulation 2013/813 applies specifically to the Geyser Sky range.

The tables below give information on the conformity of the units and the seasonal energy performance ratios with regard to the reference regulation.

# **GEYSER SKY HI HP RO**

		20	25	30
REGULATION 2013/813	-		'	
Pdesign	(1) kW	15.9	19.7	24.6
COMFORT				
Standard Unit				
ηsh	(1) %	166.2	175.8	179
SCOP LT	(1)	4.23	4.47	4.55
Unit with EC fans (VEC)				
ηsh	(1) %	181	188.6	189.4
SCOP LT	(1)	4.6	4.791	4.809
REGULATION 2013/813	-			
Pdesign	(3) kW	15.9	19.7	24.6
COMFORT				
Standard Unit				
ηsh	(3) %	133.3	135.7	138.5
SCOP MT	(3)	3.407	3.467	3.538
Unit with EC fans (VEC)				
ηsh	(3) %	139.6	141.6	142.4
SCOP MT	(3)	3.566	3.616	3.636
REGULATION 2013/811	-			
Standard Unit				
Ecolabel	(2)	A++ A+++		
Unit with EC fans (VEC)		·		
Ecolabel	(2)	A+++		

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

(2) Energy efficiency class with reference to regulation 2013/811 (low temperature applications).

# **GEYSER SKY HI HP SLN RO**

		20	25	30
REGULATION 2013/813		-	'	
Pdesign	(1) kW	15.9	19.7	24.6
COMFORT				
Standard Unit				
ηsh	(1) %	166.2	175.8	179
SCOP LT	(1)	4.23	4.47	4.55
Unit with EC fans (VEC)				
ηsh	(1) %	181	188.6	189.4
SCOP LT	(1)	4.6	4.791	4.809
REGULATION 2013/813		-		
Pdesign	(3) kW	15.9	19.7	24.6
COMFORT				
Standard Unit				
ηsh	(3) %	133.3	135.7	138.5
SCOP MT	(3)	3.407	3.467	3.538
Unit with EC fans (VEC)				
ηsh	(3) %	139.6	141.6	142.4
SCOP MT	(3)	3.566	3.616	3.636
REGULATION 2013/811		-		
Standard Unit				
Ecolabel	(2)	A++ A+++		
Unit with EC fans (VEC)				
Ecolabel	(2)	A+++		

Y = unit in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition. N = unit not in compliance with Ecodesign at the indicated condition: it can be installed only in non-EU countries.

User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 30/35°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 47/55°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 30/35°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

 <sup>(2)</sup> Energy efficiency class with reference to regulation 2013/811 (low temperature applications).
 (3) User-side heat exchanger water inlet/outlet temperature 47/55°C, Average climate profile, with reference to regulation 2013/813 and norm EN 14825.

# **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

# **GEYSER SKY HI HP RO**

			20	25	30
General electrical specifications					
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	8.57	12.07	12.07
Max. absorbed current	(1)	А	21.8	29.8	29.8
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	А	16	15.9	19.5
cosφ standard unit	(2)		>0,95	>0,95	>0,95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	А	9.8	9.8	9.8
Power supply		V/ph/Hz	400/3~+N/50	400/3~+N/50	400/3~+N/50
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²	230-24/1~/50	230-24/1~/50	230-24/1~/50
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	6	6	6
Suggested line protection	(6)			CH14gG 40A	
Electrical specifications for fans	•				
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	2x0,535	2x0,535	2x0,535
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	n° x A	2x2,4	2x2,4	2x2,4
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW		2x0,825	
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	2x1,4	2x1,4	2x1,4

# **GEYSER SKY HI HP SLN RO**

			20	25	30
General electrical specifications					
Max. absorbed power (FLI)	(1)	kW	8.57	12.07	12.07
Max. absorbed current	(1)	A	21.8	29.8	29.8
Nominal current (Inom)	(2)	Α	16	15.9	19.5
cosφ standard unit	(2)		>0,95	>0,95	>0,95
Maximum inrush current (MIC)	(3)	A	9.8	9.8	9.8
Power supply		V/ph/Hz	400/3~+N/50	400/3~+N/50	400/3~+N/50
Power supply for auxiliary circuits		mm²	230-24/1~/50	230-24/1~/50	230-24/1~/50
Suggested line section	(5)	mm²	6	6	6
Suggested line protection	(6)			CH14gG 40A	
Electrical specifications for fans					
Rated power of standard fan	(1)	n° x kW	2x0,535	2x0,535	2x0,535
Rated current of standard fan	(1)	nº x A	2x2,4	2x2,4	2x2,4
Rated power of EC fan	(2)	n° x kW		2x0,825	
Rated current of EC fan	(2)	n° x A	2x1,4	2x1,4	2x1,4

- (1) Data regarding the unit without accessories working in maximum power absorption conditions
- (2) Datum related to the unit without accessories working in standard conditions (A35°C; W12-7°C)
- (3) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit FLA of the largest compressor + LRA of the largest compressor)
- (4) Maximum effective RMS value of the current when the last compressor starts (FLA of the entire unit FLA of the largest compressor + 0.6 x LRA of the largest compressor)
- (5) These values are determined for cables with operating temperature of 40°C, EPR insulation and a line with a maximum length of 50m. The line section must be determined by a qualified technician based on the protection devices, the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.
- (6) The correct line protection part must be determined by a qualified technician based on the length of the line, the type of cable used and the type of installation.

# **PUMP DATA**

0	7	ZC.		n	C	773	7
(т	E. I	$(\mathcal{S})$	E.	к	2	ΚY	

Model	Rated power	Rated current	Qmin	Qmax
	kW	A	m³/h	m³/h
P1	0,6	1,5	1,8	4,5
P2	0,9	2,1	3,6	9,6

# **USER-SIDE EXCHANGER FLOW RATE FIELDS**

The units are sized and optimized for the following nominal conditions: external air 35°C, inlet-outlet of the user-side exchanger 12/7°C.

The units can work at design conditions different from nominal conditions, provided that:

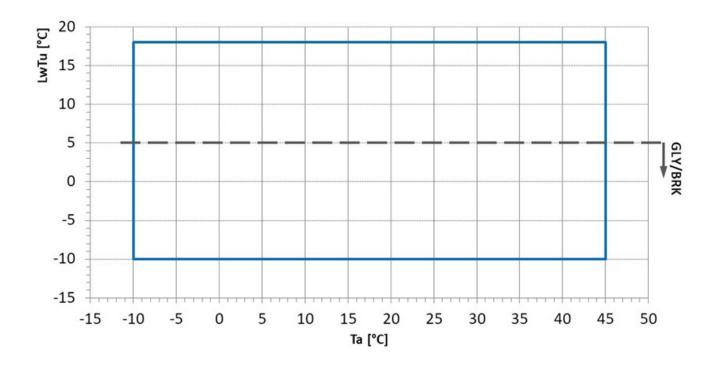
- the design condition falls within the operating limits specified below
- the flow rate at design conditions (that is, of the specific application) must always come within the allowed flow rate ranges specified below. If the design conditions require a water flow rate that does not come within the allowed operating range, you must contact our sales department that will identify the most suitable solution for the specific application.

# **GEYSER SKY**

	Qmin	Qmax
	m³/h	m³/h
20	1,7	5,1
25	2,2	6,5
30	2,6	7,9

# **OPERATING LIMITS**

# **COOLING**



Ta: external air temperature

LWTu: water outlet temperature from the user-side heat exchanger

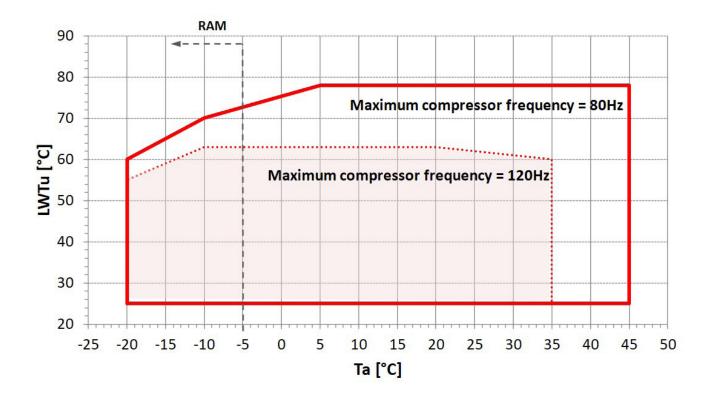
For LWTu below +5°C, it is compulsory to use suitable percentages of antifreeze additives (glycols) to prevent ice formation in the exchanger.

The inlet and outlet temperatures of the user-side exchanger must be given on ordering to allow correct setting of the alarm parameters and verification of the sizing of the expansion valve.

The cooling set point can then be changed by the customer in an interval that, compared to the set point given on ordering, ranges from -1K up to the maximum temperature allowed by the above-stated operating limits.

The unit will be optimized to work at the set point temperatures given on ordering. For different set points, the cooling capacity provided and the level of efficiency of the machine could decrease and move away from these conditions.

# **HEATING**



Ta: external air temperature

LWTu: water outlet temperature from the user-side heat exchanger

/RAM: in the indicated area, the unit can work only if fitted with the accessory /RAM. Recommended accessory for installations in regions with temperatures below -5°C or in the case of installations particularly exposed to cold winds.

For LWTu below  $+5^{\circ}$ C, it is compulsory to use suitable percentages of antifreeze additives (glycols) to prevent ice formation in the exchanger.

The inlet and outlet temperatures of the user-side exchanger must be given on ordering to allow correct setting of the alarm parameters and verification of the sizing of the expansion valve.

The cooling set point can then be changed by the customer in an interval that, compared to the set point given on ordering, ranges from -1K up to the maximum temperature allowed by the above-stated operating limits.

The unit will be optimized to work at the set point temperatures given on ordering. For different set points, the cooling capacity provided and the level of efficiency of the machine could decrease and move away from these conditions.

# **NOISE LEVELS**

# GEYSER SKY Hi HP RO

Octav	ctave ballus [ub]																	
	63	Hz	125	Hz	250	) Hz	500	Hz	100	0 Hz	200	0 Hz	400	0 Hz	800	0 Hz	[dB	(A)]
	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp
20	75.1	43.5	85.1	53.5	84.8	53.2	78.5	46.9	74.1	42.5	74	42.4	66.4	34.8	61.5	29.9	82	50
25	75.1	43.5	85.1	53.5	84.8	53.2	78.5	46.9	74.1	42.5	74	42.4	66.4	34.8	61.5	29.9	82	50
30	80.3	48.7	90.3	58.7	90	58.4	79.4	47.8	75.3	43.7	76.6	45	71.2	39.6	68.1	36.5	85	53

Total

Reference conditions: outside air temperature 35°C; input/output water temperature into/from user-side heat exchanger 12/7°C; unit operating at rated capacity, without any option.

Lw: sound power levels. Values obtained from measures taken according to standard ISO 3744.Lw\_tot is the only binding value.

**Lp:** sound pressure levels. Binding values starting from noise power levels referred to a distance of 10 m from the unit; source installed on a reflective surface and in ideal free field conditions with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values

The acoustic data are related to standard conditions in referable and reproducible operating conditions. All data with the exception of Lw\_tot are provided for illustrative purposes only and can not be used for forecasting purposes or for the verification of binding limits. With special reference to noise emissions, the Manufacturer takes liability for their conformity, limited to the declared Lw\_tot value. Any and all other Manufacturer's liability for the impact of such emissions in relation to the location of the machine and other conditions related to machine installation is excluded. The environment and the installation conditions, as well as the operating modes, can alter the sound emissions. Any assessment concerning these conditions falls within the area of competence of the plant designer and/or the fitter.

# **GEYSER SKY HI HP SLN RO**

# Octave bands [dB] Total

	63	Hz	125	Hz	250	Hz	500	Hz	100	0 Hz	200	0 Hz	400	0 Hz	800	0 Hz	[dB(	(A)]
	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp	Lw	Lp								
20	73.1	41.5	83.1	51.5	82.8	51.2	76.5	44.9	72.1	40.5	72	40.4	64.4	32.8	59.5	27.9	80	48.4
25	73.1	41.5	83.1	51.5	82.8	51.2	76.5	44.9	72.1	40.5	72	40.4	64.4	32.8	59.5	27.9	80	48.4
30	78.6	47	88.6	57	84.8	53.2	79.1	47.5	71.7	40.1	77	45.4	70.6	39	68.5	36.9	83	51.4

Reference conditions: outside air temperature 35°C; input/output water temperature into/from user-side heat exchanger 12/7°C; unit operating at rated capacity, without any option.

Lw: sound power levels. Values obtained from measures taken according to standard ISO 3744.Lw\_tot is the only binding value.

**Lp:** sound pressure levels. Binding values starting from noise power levels referred to a distance of 10 m from the unit; source installed on a reflective surface and in ideal free field conditions with directivity factor Q=2. Non-binding values

The acoustic data are related to standard conditions in referable and reproducible operating conditions. All data with the exception of Lw\_tot are provided for illustrative purposes only and can not be used for forecasting purposes or for the verification of binding limits. With special reference to noise emissions, the Manufacturer takes liability for their conformity, limited to the declared Lw\_tot value. Any and all other Manufacturer's liability for the impact of such emissions in relation to the location of the machine and other conditions related to machine installation is excluded. The environment and the installation conditions, as well as the operating modes, can alter the sound emissions. Any assessment concerning these conditions falls within the area of competence of the plant designer and/or the fitter.

# INSTALLATION ADVICE

The units described in this document are, by nature, strongly affected by the characteristics of the system, the working conditions and the installation site.

Remember that the unit must be installed by a qualified and skilled technician, and in compliance with the national legislation in force in the destination country.

The installation must be done in such a way that it will be possible to carry out all routine and non-routine maintenance operations.

Before starting any work, you must carefully read the "Installation, operation and maintenance manual" of the machine and do the necessary safety checks to prevent any malfunctioning or hazards.

We give some advice below that will allow you to increase the efficiency and reliability of the unit and therefore of the system into which it is inserted.

# Water characteristics

To preserve the life of the exchangers, the water is required to comply with some quality parameters and it is therefore necessary to make sure its values fall within the ranges indicated in the following table:

Treessary to make sure its values fall within the ranges indicated in the following table.								
Total hardness	2,0 ÷ 6,0 °f							
Langelier index	- 0,4 ÷ 0,4							
pH	7,5 ÷ 8,5							
Electrical conductivity	10÷500 μS/cm							
Organic elements	-							
Hydrogen carbonate (HCO3-)	70 ÷ 300 ppm							
Sulphates (SO42-)	< 50 ppm							
Hydrogen carbonate / Sulphates (HCO3-/SO42-)	> 1							
Chlorides (CI-)	< 50 ppm							
Nitrates (NO3-)	< 50 ppm							
Hydrogen sulphide (H2S)	< 0,05 ppm							
Ammonia (NH3)	< 0,05 ppm							
Sulphites (SO3), free chlorine (Cl2)	< 1 ppm							
Carbon dioxide (CO2)	< 5 ppm							
Metal cations	< 0,2 ppm							
Manganese ions (Mn++)	< 0,2 ppm							
Iron ions (Fe2+, Fe3+)	< 0,2 ppm							
Iron + Manganese	< 0,4 ppm							
Phosphates (PO43-)	< 2 ppm							
Oxygen	< 0,1 ppm							

Installation of water filters on all the hydraulic circuits is obligatory.

The supply of the most suitable filters for the unit can be requested as accessory. In this case, the filters are supplied loose and must be installed by the customer following the instructions given in the installation, operation and maintenance manual.

# **Glycol mixtures**

With temperatures below 5°C, it is mandatory to work with water and anti-freeze mixtures, and also change the safety devices (anti-freeze, etc.), which must be carried out by qualified authorised personnel or by the manufacturer.

						•				
Liquid outlet temperature or	°C	0	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30	-35	-40
minimum ambient temperature										
Freezing point	°C	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30	-35	-40	-45
Ethylene glycol	%	6	22	30	36	41	46	50	53	56
Propylene glycol	%	15	25	33	39	44	48	51	54	57

The quantity of antifreeze should be considered as % on weight

# Minimum water content in the system

For correct operation of the unit, it is necessary to ensure a buffering on the system such as to comply with the minimum operating time considering the greater between the minimum OFF time and the minimum ON time. In short, these contribute to limiting the number of times the compressors are switched on per hour and to preventing undesired deviations from the set point of the delivered water temperature.

Larger amounts of water are in any case always preferable, because they allow a smaller number of starts and switch-offs of the compressors, less wear of them and an increase in the efficiency of the system as a consequence of a reduction in the number of transients.

It should also be pointed out that, for air-water units working in heat pump mode, the minimum amount of water must consider the need of the unit to carry out defrosting. Having an adequate buffering volume will allow prevention of too high drifts of the delivered water temperature at the end of the defrost cycle.

Please check "water Volume Design" Tool for a correct estimation of minimum water content of the system in "heat pump" working mode.

The following experimental formula allows to calculate the minimum water volume of the plant. The formula only refers to the operation of the unit in cooling mode.

$$V_{min} = \frac{P_{tot} \cdot 1.000}{N} \cdot \frac{300}{\Delta T \cdot \rho \cdot c_p} + P_{tot} \cdot 0.25$$

where

Vmin is the minimum water content of the system [I]

Ptot is the total cooling capacity of the machine [kW]

N: number of capacity reduction steps

 $\Delta T$ : differential allowed on the water temperature. Unless otherwise specified, this value is considered to be 2.5K

p: density of the heat-carrying fluid. Unless otherwise specified, the density of water is considered

cp: specific heat of the heat-carrying fluid. Unless otherwise specified, the specific heat of water is considered Considering the use of water and grouping together some terms, the formula can be re-written as follows:

$$V_{min} = \frac{P_{tot}}{N} \cdot 17,2 + P_{tot} \cdot 0,25$$

N may take the following values:

• N=3 for units featuring one inverter-piloted compressor only;

# **Installation site**

To determine the best installation site for the unit and its orientation, you should pay attention to the following points:

- compliance with the clearance spaces indicated in the official dimensional drawing of the unit must be guaranteed so as to ensure accessibility for routine and non-routine maintenance operations
- you should consider the origin of the hydraulic pipes and their diameters because these affect the radiuses of curvature and therefore the spaces needed for installing them
- you should consider the position of the cable inlet on the electrical control panel of the unit as regards the origin of the power supply
- if the installation includes several units side by side, you should consider the position and dimensions of the manifolds of the user-side exchangers and of any recovery exchangers
- if the installation includes several units side by side, you should consider that the minimum distance between units is 3 metres
- you should avoid all obstructions that can limit air circulation to the source-side exchanger or that can cause recirculation between air supply and intake
- you should consider the orientation of the unit to limit, as far as possible, exposure of the source-side exchanger to solar radiation
- if the installation area is particularly windy, the orientation and positioning of the unit must be such as to avoid air recirculation on the coils. If necessary, we advise making windbreak barriers in order to prevent malfunctioning.

Once the best position for the unit has been identified, you must check that the support slab has the following characteristics:

- its dimensions must be proportionate to those of the unit: if possible, longer and wider than the unit by at least 30 cm and 15/20cm higher than the surrounding surface
- it must be able to bear at least 4 times the operating weight of the unit
- it must allow level installation of the unit: although the unit is installed on a horizontal base, make slopes in the support surface to convey rain water or defrost water to drains, wells or in any case to places where it cannot generate an accident hazard due to ice formation. All heat pump version units are equipped with discharge manifolds for the condensed water; these can be manifolded to facilitate condensate discharge.

The units are designed and built to reduce to a minimum the level of vibration transmitted to the ground, but it is in any case advisable to use rubber or spring anti-vibration mounts, which are available as accessory and should be requested when ordering.

The anti-vibration mounts must be fixed on before positioning the unit on the ground.

In the event of installation on roofs or intermediate floors, the pipes must be isolated from the walls and ceilings.

It is advisable to avoid installation in cramped places, to prevent reverberations, reflections, resonances and acoustic interactions with elements outside the unit.

It is essential that any work done to soundproof the unit does not affect its correct installation or correct operation and, in particular, does not reduce the air flow rate to the source-side exchanger.

# Installations that require the use of treated coils

If the unit has to be installed in an environment with a particularly aggressive atmosphere, coils with special treatments are available as options.

• coils with anti-corrosion treatment;

A description of the individual accessories is available in the "Description of accessories" section.

The type of coil treatment should be chosen with regard to the environment in which the unit is to be installed, through observation of other structures and machinery with exposed metal surfaces present in the destination environment.

The cross observation criterion is the most valid method of selection currently available without having to carry out preliminary tests or measurements with instruments. The identified reference environments are:

- coastal/marine
- industrial
- urban with a high housing density
- rural

Please note that in cases where different conditions co-exist, even for short periods, the choice must be suitable for preserving the exchanger in the harsher environmental conditions and not in conditions between the worst and best situation.

Particular attention must be given in cases where an environment that is not particularly aggressive becomes aggressive as a consequence of a concomitant cause, for example, the presence of a flue outlet or an extraction fan.

We strongly suggest choosing one of the treatment options if at least one of the points listed below is verified:

- there are obvious signs of corrosion of the exposed metal surfaces in the installation area
- the prevailing winds come from the sea towards the unit
- the environment is industrial with a significant concentration of pollutants
- the environment is urban with a high population density
- the environment is rural with the presence of organic discharges and effluents

In particular, for installations near the coast, the following instructions apply:

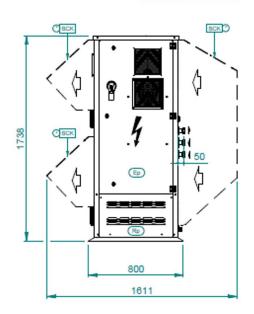
- for units to be installed between 1 and 20 km from the coast, the use of the option "Coil treated with anti-corrosion paints" is strongly recommended;
- for units to be installed within one kilometre from the coast, the use of the option "Coil treated with anti-corrosion paints" is strongly recommended.

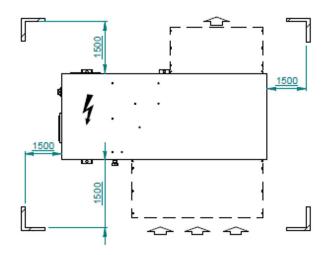
To protect the exchangers from corrosion and ensure optimal operation of the unit, we advise following the recommendations given in the user, installation and maintenance manual for cleaning the coils.

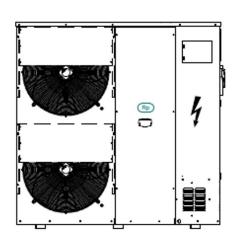
# **DIMENSIONAL DIAGRAMS**

# 1772 4 GSM\*\*\* UinA UinA UinB UinB 437 1715

# DDIM001396





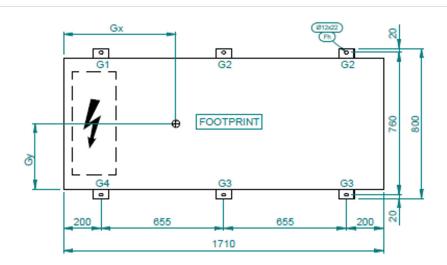


- \* OPTIONAL
- \*\* SAFETY VALVE DISCHARGE

SCK Snow covers kit

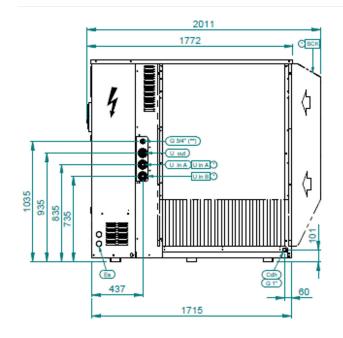
CONNECTIONS DIMENSIONS									
HYDR.CONFIG	SIZE	U in A	U in B	U out					
GEYSER SKY HP	20-25	G 1"1/4	1	G 1"1/4					
GEYSER SKY HP 1P	20-25	G 1"1/4	1	G 1"1/4					
GEYSER SKY HP 1P+V3I	20-25	G 1"1/4	G 1"1/4	G 1"1/4					

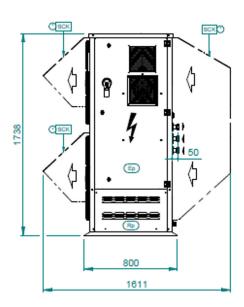
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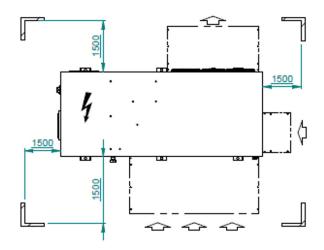


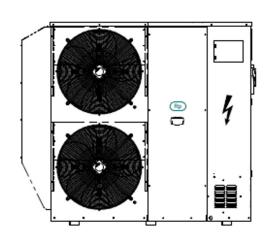
MODEL	WEIGHT (kg)	OPERATING W (kg)	G1 (kg)	G2 (kg)	G3 (kg)	G4 (kg)	Gx	Gy
GEYSER SKY HP 20	411	418	104	60	52	90	728	427
GEYSER SKY HP 20 1P	435	442	110	63	55	96	722	427
GEYSER SKY HP 20 1P+V3I	442	449	113	64	55	98	719	428
GEYSER SKY HP 25	416	423	105	60	53	92	722	424
GEYSER SKY HP 25 1P	439	446	112	63	55	98	720	426
GEYSER SKY HP 25 1P+V3I	447	454	116	64	55	100	717	428

# DDIM001398







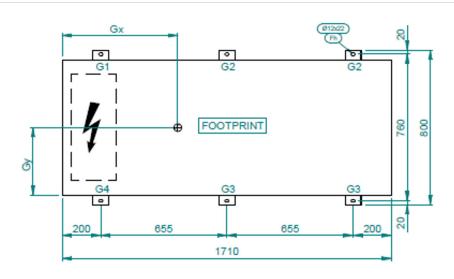


# \* OPTIONAL

\*\* SAFETY VALVE DISCHARGE SCK Snow covers kit

CONNECTIONS DIMENSIONS									
HYDR.CONFIG	SIZE	U in A	U in B	U out					
GEYSER SKY HP	30	G 1"1/4	1	G 1"1/4					
GEYSER SKY HP 1P	30	G 1"1/4	1	G 1"1/4					
GEYSER SKY HP 1P+V3I	30	G 1"1/4	G 1"1/4	G 1"1/4					

# DDIM001398



MODEL	WEIGHT (kg)	OPERATING W (kg)	G1 (kg)	G2 (kg)	G3 (kg)	G4 (kg)	Gx	Gy
GEYSER SKY HP 30	422	429	103	62	55	92	735	423
GEYSER SKY HP 30 1P	442	449	110	64	57	97	729	423
GEYSER SKY HP 30 1P+V3I	449	456	113	65	57	99	726	424

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